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Considerations on PARTIES; *particularly the Whig Party, and how the Kingdom is influenced by* PARTIES.

IS a miserable Circumstance, and the general Ruin of prosperous States, when *Parties*, from separate Interests and Passions, pursue different Ends of their own, without regard to the Publick: Altho', in Truth, *the Good of the Publick* is the *chief Interest* of each Party, and of every Individual. But, 'tis a Circumstance beyond common Misery, and a Propensity to ruin more than natural, that *the very Party* among us, which hath been always distinguish'd by its Zeal for *Liberty and Publick Good*, should be broken to pieces, and set up against the Government, at a Time when neither *our Liberties nor Properties* were ever so well secured; and when 'tis almost impossible, that the *Revolters themselves* should obtain any End of their own. But this is the Case of all Men whose *Passions* run away with them, and will not suffer them to hearken to the *Voice of Reason*: They vainly imagine, that they are following their own Good; but, they mistake wherein *that Good* consists: They are so blinded by the Heat of *personal Animosities*, and *Resentments* against those whom they hate, that they have *lost all Conception and real Sense at Heart*, of what is the *true and real Interest* of their Country. For which Reason they drive on furiously, and abuse the Government by all the Misrepresentations and Calumnies that Human Imagination can invent; tho' the Consequence be, that the *Publick suffers*, and *themselves* suffer with it.

It is astonishing, that under a Government *administred so equally*, where the King is not the Head of a Party, but the *Father of his People*, there should be *any Party* at all! but still more surprising, that, when from that *general Goodness* in the Government which every Man feels, almost all Parties seem to be at rest, the *Whigs* should be turbulent and outrageous, clamorous and resisting! They practise, as tho' they thought it a Contradiction to be *a Whig*, and *not to resist*; and so rather than lose the *Character of a Whig*, and not resist at all, they will *resist always*. The *Jacobites* are *retired and silent*, waiting what the *Whigs* will do for them. The *Tories* are modest, and *half* satisfied, for the *Church is out of Danger*: But, the *Whigs*, who have all they can wish, and more than ever they expected, can't be at rest; tho' if we look back to the Close of Queen *Anne*'s Reign, the *feint Prospect* of the Happiness we now feel would have awakened our Souls to Joy, and supported us under greater Pressures than we experienced at that Time.

Our *Publick Felicity* (I speak to my *Brethren*, the *Whigs*,) is *now* completed; the *great Purpose* of the Revolution, the Conditions on which it rose, and the *Ends* for which it was brought about, are all obtain'd. Those Ends are known to be the rescuing us from a Power in the Crown, advanced by *evil Ministers, and corrupt Judges*, superior to all the Laws: To secure us from such an *Insatiableness of Prerogative* as would swallow up our Liberties and Properties, and deprive us of those Privileges which God and Nature had given us: To free us even from *such a Disposition of a Court*, as could not but tend to this Effect; and from *such a Ministry* as nothing else could be expected under: And to remove that, under which *all Laws* can make but a ridiculous Figure, *A Standing Royal Army, without Law, and against Law.*

All these Blessings we have obtained; and obtained them to that degree, that 'tis almost impossible to frame an Idea of a Government under which Men can live more happy! *Our Laws* are made the *Standing Measure* of the King's Government, and the People's Obedience; nor hath his Majesty given the least Appearance of a Design to make himself *superior* to them; for he knows, *that to be superior to the Laws, is his People's Misery, and his own Insecurity.* The King has a *strong Disposition* to rule in the Hearts of all his Subjects; and tries, by all the gentle and persuasive Methods, to reconcile those to the Interests of his Family, (which is the *Interest of the Nation*) who had conceived some Prejudices against it. In his publick Capacity, he is the *King of his People*; and, in his private Capacity, an *Example of Integrity and Virtue* to his Subjects: And his Ministers are all chosen from those very Men who have been always *fam'd for Liberty*; who *gloriously struggled* for it in the worst Times, and have *honestly maintain'd* it in the best. What then have any Subjects to complain of? But, in God's Name, what have *the Whigs* to murmur at? who enjoy *that very Government* their Souls wish'd for; and see *those very Men* at the Helm, who used to be their Glory and their Boast; and who have done nothing, since they came into Power, to forfeit their Characters as Whigs!

All this is as evident as the Sun; and so true, that we should have complained of no Ills, had it not been for the Ambition and Disappointment of *a few Men out of Power*: We know of no Ills *at home*; and had it not been for *one infamous Journal, or weekly Libel* against the Court and Ministry, the People would not have a Word to say against the Government: But *the scandalous Authors* of that Journal are continually raising in the People's Minds *something to fear*; and laying before them *Tales of Evils* which they never felt; and *Reports* of Dangers which they have *no Reason to apprehend!* At *home*, I say, we are safe; and tho' our *foreign Affairs* have not look'd with as good a Face, as every true *Englishman* wished; yet, *that very ill Success* hath been, in a great measure, owing to *the very Men* who oppose the Court, and raise the Clamour. They have, by their impudent Satyr, cruel Invective, licentious Ridicule, and artful Misrepresentation, *weakened* the Hands of the Government, and kept Foreign Powers from making those Compliances, which they would, otherwise, have long ago submitted to. Their Hopes of a Change in the Ministry, and so a Change of Measures, (which Hopes were rais'd by our Malcontents,) have been the chief Cause of all our Difficulties: We have, indeed, at present almost surmounted them; but, such is the *Patriotism* of these Men, they would, if possible, embarrass Affairs again: Now, they are roaring out for an *immediate Retaliation* of Injuries received from *Spain*; when they know, that our *forbearing* as yet to retaliate some Injuries, has been owing to a high Concern for a *general Peace and publick Good.* It was to *keep* Spain *out of the Hands of France*, and so prevent a War in *Europe*, which might have engaged all the Powers, and lasted a long Time.

There may be *another Reason*, why we have suffer'd some Things from *Spain*, and that is, the *South Sea Ship*; which will be always a Pledge in their Hands, to be made use of against ourselves; and be a Means of hindring us, on certain Occasions, and certain Times, from doing ourselves Justice. But this is one of the *Blessed Legacies* of the *Treaty of Utrecht*; and till we give up that Trade, in the manner 'tis now carried on, or forbear *trusting a Ship* of such immense Value in their Hands, we must, I fear, put up more Injuries. These are my Sentiments, *as an Englishman*; and I speak them freely, without regard to the *Opinions or Interests* of any Sett of Men.

But, these things are not consider'd; all the Blame is laid *on the Ministry*, tho' they deserve none of it; for, 'tis owing to other Causes. The *last Cause*, indeed, may be removed, and, we hope, will be removed at a proper Time; but, till these Causes are removed, 'tis very unjust to lay the Fault on the Ministry; unless it is in their Power, *at any time*, to *remove them both.* Every Injury we receive from the *Spaniards* is aggravated, heighten'd, and *wrote in Colours of Blood*; tho' those *Spaniards* (who commit those Outrages) are often *Renegado's, Pyrates, and common Robbers*; tho' they are absolutely disowned by the Court of *Spain*, and given up as common Rogues and the Pest of all Societies! But, see the Malice of those Men who write the *Craftsman*: A Paper is publish'd on this Subject, on purpose, to alarm the People of *England*, and set them against the Government for suffering Things which, *at present*, is not in their power to hinder, and in which, they cannot *immediately* do the Nation Justice. *That* must be left to *proper Times and Circumstances*; and we have no Reason to doubt, but that the Government will do all that's possible, to hasten *that Time*; and place us in those *Circumstances*: The Time, we hope, is at hand, when we shall have Justice done us; or, DO OUR SELVES JUSTICE. There may be *a third Reason*, why we have not resented some Injuries from *Spain* so warmly as, 'tis thought, we ought to have done; and that is, the great Concern the Government hath at heart *for the Continuance of our Trade with* Spain; which is very advantagious, and the Ballance greatly on our Side.

From what hath been said, *upon Principles of Reason*, in this Paper concerning the Government, it follows, that we ought to be easy; and, that *all Parties* should unite to serve so excellent a Government: for, in serving that, they promote their *own Happiness*, and advance *their own Interest.* But, *the Whigs* are the most ungrateful of Men, *Rebels to their own Principles*, and false to that Country, whose Good they so highly pretend to have at Heart, if they don't lay aside their little *private Resentments*, and *personal Animosities*; and acknowledge the Happiness they enjoy under a Government founded on their own Principles; under a Government which inviolably supports our Liberties, and pays a sacred Regard to the Security of our Properties.

Let us be ashamed to repeat the scandalous Words, or enter into the wicked Measures of *any hot headed Man*, who pants after Power, and envies those who possess it: But, let us endeavour to turn those who are misled, from that *Heat and Fury* with which they act, in Pursuit of an *imaginary Interest*, against the *real Interest* of the Nation: *Imaginary Interest*, I say; for what *real Interest* can any *Englishman* have, in being *of a Party* against a Government *which knows no Party*; and which has nothing so much at Heart, as the Interest of the whole Society, and the *general Happiness* of the People?

F. OSBORNE.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

Rome, June 30.

HERE is arrived from the Isle of Corsica a Canon in Quality of Plenipotentiary of the principal Communities of that Island: He hath lately had a private Audience of the Pope, to offer his Holiness the Sovereignty of that Island, which formerly was under the Dominion of the Holy See; or to desire him, if that should be refus'd, that he would employ his good Offices with the Republick of Genoa, that the Inhabitants of Corsica may be re-established, and maintain all the Privileges which they formerly enjoy'd.

Santa Cruz in *Barbary, May* 20. Every thing here remains in the same Situation; and King Muley Abdallah still seems resolved to come hither with his Army, to reduce this Country under his Obedience, which without such Compulsion will hardly submit to him. The Division amongst the Mountaineers does not now run so high as it has done, so that we receive larger Quantities of Provision from those Parts. There are now in our Harbour three English Merchant Ships

Sallee, June 8. We have now great Plenty of Corn. The Black Horse, to the Number of 10,000 Men, have lain by this Port these five Days, but will break up To-morrow for Morocco, to make Head against the Arabs.

Bruſſels, July 12. Ostend Stock is fallen to Par, upon some News brought by the English Ships just arrived. My Lord North and Grey, Lieutenant General in the Service of the King of Spain, is expected here from Paris, on his way to Holland, whither he is going upon his private Affairs.

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[Price Two-Pence.]

Affairs. According to ſome Letters from France, the old Queen Dowager of Spain Charles II. died lately at Bayonne; but this wants Confirmation.

Algier, June 14. Four French Men of War have been here, and landed their new Conſul, who behaves in a very lofty Manner, and is not liked by any; and if he continues to carry himſelf with the ſame Haughtineſs, he will have no Intereſt here, and can expect no more than a bare Compliance with the Treaty between theſe People and France. The Commanders of the Ships went away very much diſſatisfy'd, the Dey, of all their Demands, conſenting only to deliver up ſeven Genoeſe, who were taken on the Coaſt of France.

Yeſterday three Dutch Men of War arriv'd here from Holland, to redeem their Slaves, confirm their Peace, and get an Addition of ſome favourable Articles; which laſt they will ſcarce obtain; altho' the Preſents they bring are very conſiderable; among them is a Diamond Ring for the Dey, eſteem'd worth 500 l. Sterling.

Liſbon, June 27. Yeſterday the Pinnace belonging to the Lively Man of War was delivered to the Britiſh Conſul, and ſix Sailors who were ſeized with her, (as mentioned in one of our former) were releaſed from their Impriſonment; but the two who obſtructed the Centinel, when he entered the Boat, are yet in Priſon. The ſevere and unprecedented Uſage of Capt. Only and his People, has ſo ſpirited up the Populace, that it is not ſafe for the Subjects of Great Britain to paſs the River in their Boats, for fear of being ſtoned; and on Shore they are forced to behave with the utmoſt Caution and Caution.

We have had heavy Rains for about five Days, which have undone the Salt Ponds, and made that Commodity exceeding ſcarce and dear. The Pernambuque Fleet will ſail in Auguſt.

Edinburgh, July 8. On Tueſday laſt James Chryſtie, Gardener of Leith, and Elizabeth Neil his Spouſe, were committed to the City Jail, for the Murder of Alexander Campbell, of Kerr's Regiment.

We ſee ſeveral Letters from the Town of Air, aſſuring, that Campbell, lately convicted of being Art and Part in forging the Bank Notes, and Gabriel Cuningham, convicted of Theft, &c. (both which lately eſcaped from the City Jail) were laſt Week taken up there, and committed.

We hear that on Monday next the Royal Company of Archers will ſhoot for the Arrow.

Tueſday laſt died the famous Mimick Gilbert Yers Trumpeter.

On Monday Night laſt there was ſeized by Samuel Mac-Cormick, Supervior of Exciſe, at Kinghorn, 277 Gallons Brandy, and Half a Hogſhead Wine.

Oxford, July 2. This Day the Univerſity in full Convocation conferr'd by Diploma, *Nemine Contradicente*, the Degree of Doctor of Civil Law on Sir Richard Hopkins, Knt. and Alderman of the City of London, and that of Doctor of Phyſick on James Sherard of Eltham in the County of Kent, Eſq;

Holy Haven, July 8. This Day Mr. Scott, Maſter of a Paſſage Boat trading from London to this Place, and one of his Majeſty's Warermen, had the Misfortune, as he was riding out, to be thrown from his Horſe; and his Foot hanging in the Stirrup, the Horſe ran away, and daſh'd his Brains out. He has left a Wife and ſeven Children, who live at S. Katherine's.

Portſmouth, July 14. There is juſt come to Spithead from the Eaſtward, the Diamond, Capt. Anſell, and the Edinburgh, Sir Chaloner Ogle; and ſailed from the Harbour to Spithead the Sunderland, Sir George Walton and Capt. Man.

The Hon. Sir Charles Wager, Knt. Admiral of the Blue, (as alſo is Sir John Norris, Knt.) was Yeſterday in the Afternoon elected and ſworn an Alderman of this Borough, in the room of the late Thomas Ridge, Eſq; of this Town; and in Evening he went on board the Namur: We every Hour expect to ſee his Fleet under Sail, the Wind being fair at N. E. and the Ships having both Top Sails looſed for that purpoſe. — There are 20 Sail of Ships of War at Spithead, but what Number ſails with Sir Charles we are not yet certain.

P. S. 'Tis now paſt 12 at Noon, and the Fleet is under Sail. The Wind is veered to the N. N. W.

LONDON.

Laſt Week the Grand Jury for the County of Middleſex delivered in the following Preſentment to the Court of King's Bench at Weſtminſter; for which they received the Thanks of this Honourable Bench.

Middleſex. WE the Grand Jury, of and for the Body of the County of *Middleſex*, being fully perſuaded that the Civil and Religious Rights, the Liberty and Well-being of this Nation, are entirely dependent upon, and can only be preſerved by the Eſtabliſhment of the Crown in the Perſon of his Majeſty, and the Succeſſion in the Proteſtant Heirs of his Royal Family; and being convinced, that the beſt Way to make any Degree of Magiſtracy or Form of Government uſeful to the People, for whoſe Sake it was intended, is to keep up among them a proper Reſpect and due Veneration for ſuch Magiſtrates and Governors as the Law appoints; and that the contrary Behaviour hath always tended to, and often ended in, the Subverſion of Order and Decency, and the Introduction of Anarchy and Confuſion into any State, where it was allowed to prevail. We cannot therefore, without neglecting the Duty and Allegiance which we owe to his Majeſty, and the proper Concern which we have for the Proſperity and Welfare of our Country, omit taking Notice, and complaining of that preſumptuous and unprecedented Licence which has been aſſumed by ſome State Incendiaries, for a few Years paſt, of inflaming, by falſe, ſeditious and ſcandalous Libels, the Minds of the common People, with pretended Grievances, and alarming them with imaginary Dangers.

We cannot but obſerve, that thoſe Libellers have had the Boldneſs and Temerity, both directly and indirectly, to controvert, oppoſe, and diſturb as far as in them lay, by ſeditious and tumultuous Writings, and thereby alſo to explode, cenſure and ridicule ſuch Meaſures as his Majeſty, in his great Wiſdom, hath thought proper to take for ſecuring the Peace, Commerce, and Happineſs of his Subjects, and the general Tranquility of *Europe*; in high and manifeſt Contempt of his Majeſty's Authority, and to the Comfort and Aid of his Enemies: From whence ſuch Miſchiefs may flow as may be of pernicious Conſequence to this Nation and People, by fixing in Foreign Powers an Opinion, that we are divided among ourſelves; which may give Grounds to extravagant Demands in Negotiations on their Parts, and thereby occaſion an Increaſe or Continuance of our Taxes, in order to ſecure our own Rights, and preſerve his Majeſty's Honour.

We obſerve alſo with Concern and Indignation, that while ſome of theſe licentious Writers have the Inſolence to recommend, by indirect and oblique Suggeſtions and Inſinuatiinons their Weekly Libels and ſeditious Pamphlets, the Intereſt of an abjured and attainted Pretender; others of them are artfully and wickedly inculcating into the People Opinions equally dangerous and abſurd, by inſinuating that it is indifferent, who ſhall rule over us; or by more audacious canvaſſing, villifying and miſrepreſenting his Majeſty's moſt undoubted Right and Title to the Imperial Crown of theſe Realms; or by deteſtable Sophiſtry endeavouring baſely and traiterouſly to impoſe a Belief upon the People, that he has forfeited ſuch Right and Title; or by impudent Ridicule, attempting to beget in them a Contempt for his ſacred Perſon; or finally, by falſe Repreſentations perſuading them, that his moſt faithful Servants think and ſpeak meanly and diſreſpectfully of him, with an Intent to ſow Diſcord between his Majeſty and his Subjects; all which plainly appears to us to be the Deſign of a moſt malicious, falſe, traiterous, and ſeditious Libel, lately printed and publiſhed, entitled, *An Anſwer to one Part of a late infamous Libel*, intitled, *Remarks on the* Craftſman's *Vindication of his two Honourable Patrons, &c.* in direct Violation of poſitive Laws provided againſt ſuch vile Practices.

We obſerve further, that theſe wicked Incendiaries, not content to publiſh and diſperſe printed Libels of ſuch dangerous Tendency, have alſo procured certain common Strollers, infamous and vagabond Perſons, to exhibit under the Form of Stage Plays, and common Interludes, ſome falſe and ſcandalous Repreſentations, tending to propagate the vile Suggeſtions and Inſinuations abovementioned, to the Diminution of the Reverence due to Magiſtrates, and to the Scandal of the Government.

We chooſe not to ſhock this Honourable Court with Repetitions of the many libellous, ſeditious, ſcandalous and treaſonable Suggeſtions, Inſinuations and Expreſſions contained in the Writings of theſe Incendiaries; and therefore we do preſent the ſaid printed Book, intitled, *An Anſwer to one Part of a late infamous Libel*, intitled, *Remarks on the* Craftſman's *Vindication of his Two Honourable Patrons*, &c. and alſo the ſeveral other printed Books, Pamphlets, and Papers, entitled as follow, *viz.*

The Fall of Mortimer; an Hiſtorical Play.

Robin's Reign, or *Seven is the Main*; being an Explanation of *Caleb D'Anvers*'s ſeven *Egyptian* Hieroglyphicks prefix'd to the Seven Volumes of the *Craftſman*.

Robin's Game, or *Seven is the Main*; containing a Key to the State Hieroglyphicks, and Deſcription of the Frontiſpieces to the Seven Volumes of the *Craftſman*, with Remarks thereon.

The Chelſea Monarch, or *Money rules All*; a new Court Ballad.

The two Weekly Papers entitled, *The Country Journal*, or *The Craftſman*; and *Fog's Weekly Journal*; and particularly,

The Country Journal, or *The Craftſman, Saturday, Jan* 9. 1730. And

Fog's Weekly Journal, Saturday, June 26, 1731. (Copies whereof are hereunto annexed) as falſe, infamous, ſcandalous, ſeditious, and treaſonable Libels, written, acted, printed and publiſhed, againſt the Peace of our Sovereign Lord the King, his Crown and Dignity. And we humbly pray this honourable Court to cauſe proper Proceedings to be had, in order to apprehend and bring to condign and exemplary Puniſhment, all the Authors, Actors, Printers, and Publiſhers thereof, by due Courſe of Law, as a Terror to all Offenders of the like Kind for the future. Dated at *Weſtminſter* this Seventh Day of July 1731.

George Walter, Kt.	*James Cuexin*, Gent.
Clifford William Phillipps, Eſq;	*Henry Binfield*, Eſq;
John Innes, Gent.	*Robert Pax*, Eſq;
Thomas Liell, Eſq;	*Patt. Macky*, Eſq;
E. Aubery, Gent.	*James Winter*, Eſq;
M Feſtmaker, Gent.	*Arth. Wooley*, Eſq;
David Cooper, Gent.	*Richard Brown*, Eſq;
John Elliot, Eſq;	*John Frieſley*, Eſq;
Tho. De Veil, Eſq;	*John Cleeve*, Eſq;
	Edward Pauling, Gent.

Monday Morning, at the Sittings at the King's Bench, Weſtminſter, before the Lord Raymond, came on the Cauſe between the King and Mr. Franklin, which was to have been try'd by a Special Jury; but Eleven only appearing, the Attorney General propoſed that the Name of one Jury-Man ſhould be drawn out of the Box, from the whole Number of thoſe who were returned to ſerve in other Cauſes, according to the preſent Method of Balloting, to make up the Number; but the Counſel for Mr. Franklin refuſing to comply with that Propoſal, the Attorney General pray'd a *Tales de Circumſtantibus*, which is the conſtant Practice in all Caſes, when there are not Jurymen enow to appear upon the principal Pannel; but this likewiſe Mr. Franklin's Counſel (being very deſirous to put off the Tryal) objected to, as not being within that Clauſe of the late Act for regulating of Juries, which allows a Special Jury to either Party that ſhall apply for it by Motion to the Court; and ſeveral Arguments ariſing relating to the Conſtruction of that Clauſe, the Lord Raymond delivered it as his Opinion, that a *Tales* ought to be granted; notwithſtanding which the Attorney General deſired that the Defaulters upon the principal Pannel might be called over again, which was accordingly done; and none of them appearing, the Eleven that had been ſworn, who were all Gentlemen of conſiderable Fortune and Diſtinction, and unwilling to ſerve with a Perſon who perhaps might not have the ſame Qualifications, made it their Requeſt that no *Tales* ſhould be granted; whereupon the Attorney General was pleaſed to withdraw his Motion, and therefore the Tryal was put off till next Term.

On Thurſday the Commiſſioners of the Lottery appointed Mr. John Clift, in Exchange Alley in Cornhill, to be their Printer to the Lottery for the Service of the preſent Year.

Chriſtopher Wyvill, Eſq; is appointed one of his Majeſty's Commiſſioners for Licenſing Hawkers and Pedlars, in the room of Thomas Wyvill, Eſq; deceaſed.

On Wednesday the Court of Directors of the East India Company, received Proposals from Owners and Commanders of Ships; and it is believed that the following will be taken into their Service, no other having been tendered, and they amounting to the Number they had resolv'd to send out the ensuing Season.

Ships Names.	*Commanders.*	*Tons*	*Guns.*	*Men*
Enfield ——	Charles Rigby,	460	30	92
Monmouth —	Reginald Kemeys,	490	32	98
Naſſau ——	Wm. Hutchinſon,	470	30	94
Richmond —	Charles Gough,	470	30	94
Houghton —	Philip Worth, —	460	30	92
Lynn ——	Edward Elliſtone,	460	30	92
Compton —	John Miſenor —	450	30	90
Grantham —	Timothy Field —	490	32	98
Eyles ——	Ralph Parr Winter,	480	30	96
Marlborough,	Rich. Mickelfield,	480	32	96
Greenwich —	—— Bookey —	460	30	92
Bedford ——	William Wells —	470	30	92
——————	Chriſtoph. Wilſon,	470	30	94
Windham —	Robert Lyell ——	470	30	94
Pr. of Orange,	Charles Hudſon,	470	30	94

The Naſſau, Marlborough, Bedford, and Pr. of Orange, are new Ships, and the —— is not launched.

It is believed that they will be ſtationed on Wedneſday next, and 4 will proceed for China, 6 for the Coaſt and Bay, one for Bencoolen, 2 for Mocha, and 2 for Bombay.

On Wedneſday the Seſſions began at the Old Baily, when only one Perſon was capitally convicted, viz. Thomas Granger, for privately ſtealing from —— Huſſam, Eſq; 38 Guineas.

Edward Stafford, Gent. was alſo tried for the Murder of the Porter at Gray's Inn; the Trial laſted about ſix Hours, when the Jury brought him in *Not Guilty*. Through the whole Courſe of the ſame, it appeared by ſeveral Evidences, and other Circumſtances, that he had been Lunatick for ſome time.

On Thurſday the three following Perſons were capitally convicted, *viz.* John Drinkwater, and Berney Fink, for ſtopping the Coach of Mrs. Rich in Holborn, and robbing her of a Stone Gold Ring, a Green Purſe with a gilt Silver Thimble; and John Davies, for a Murder and Robbery on the Highway.

The ſame Day the Trial of Capt. Pigott came on, for the Murder of the Boy at the Caſtle Coffee Houſe in Caſtle Street; and after a Trial, which laſted ſome time, the Jury brought him in Guilty of Manſlaughter.

Alſo, John Newbury was indicted for having two Wives, to which he pleaded Guilty.

The Remainder of the Proceedings of this Seſſions we ſhall give in our next.

We have an Account from Devizes in Wiltſhire, that his Grace the Duke of Queensbury, whoſe Seat is at Aymsbury in that County, hath ſent to the Rev. Mr. Jaques, Miniſter of the Pariſh of Uſhfont, 100 Guineas, to be diſtributed by him to the poor Sufferers by the late Fire there; and it is hoped that this Act of Generoſity of his Grace's, will be an Example to others to allow thoſe poor People ſometning out of the large Collections which have been made, and are ſtill going forward for other Places.

Her Grace the Dutcheſs Dowager of Marlborough hath given 100 l. towards the Relief of the Sufferers by the Fire at Blandford.

We hear that the Society of New Inn have collected upwards of One Hundred Pounds for the unhappy Sufferers by Fire at Blandford and Tiverton.

On Wedneſday a Woman was try'd before the Bench of Juſtices at Hicks's Hall, upon an Indictment of defrauding one Mrs. Newton of 12 l. 13 s. on Pretence of being a Cunning-Woman, or Fortune-teller, and as ſuch, of being capable to bring home ſafe her Son from the Eaſt Indies in a Whirlwind; and alſo of procuring three Men to fall in Love with the ſaid Mrs. Newton: After a long Hearing of the Evidence, the Defendant was acquitted.

Eccleſiaſtical Promotions. The Rev. Dr. Hough, Rector of St. George's Church in Southwark, and Lecturer of the Church at Kenſington, is preſented by his Grace the Archbiſhop of Canterbury to the Rectory of St. Mary, Newington, in the County of Surrey.——Thurſday at a General Court of the Governors of Chriſt's Hoſpital, the Rev. Mr. Selby, Head Maſter of the Grammar School there, was choſen Curate of Burden in Eſſex.

Deaths. Monday died ſuddenly at the Cuſtom Houſe, Mr. Hoſier, an Attorney. He went from his Chambers at Clifford's Inn to his Office at the Cuſtom-houſe in perfect Health at Six o' Clock in the Morning.——The ſame Day died in an advanced Age, at his Houſe at Chiſwick, Joſeph Gaſcoigne, Eſq; formerly a Comfactor in this City ——Saturday died —— Blacke, Eſq; Town Clerk of the City of Briſtol. ——Monday Juſtice Maſh died at his Habitation in Endfield.

Prices of Goods at Bear Key.

per Quarter.		per Quarter.	
Wheat ——	26 to 30	Hog Peaſe	17 to 18
Rye ——	15 to 16	Peaſe ——	20 to 24
Barley——	15 to 18	Pale Malt	20 to 25
Oates ——	9 to 14 6	Brown Malt	20 to 22
Horſe Beans	20 to 24 6	Tares ——	19 to 26

Coals 25 s to 26 s. per Chaldron.
Hops 1729 — 30 l. to 40 l. per Hundred
Hops 1730 — 50 l. to 85 l. per Hundred.
Rape Seed 11 l. to 12 l. per Laſt.

The Publick General CORRESPONDENCE, *of Affairs for* Improving *Money, Trade and Eſtates, &c.*

Any Gentleman who has about 5000 l. to lay out, may be informed of an Opportunity which now offers for his purchaſing a Certainty DURING LIFE.

Several Sums of Money are ready to be lent on MORTGAGES, and other different Sums are wanted on ſuch Securities.

If any Perſon will ſell any EXCHEQUER ANNUITY, from about 100 to 200 l. a Year, or thereabouts, to be paid to the Purchaſer during his Life only, a good Price may now be had for the ſame.

A Letter ſigned E H. dated the 8th of July 1731, is received, and on ſuch an Eſtate as is therein partly deſcribed, if it be not at a very great Diſtance from London, the Sum of Money may be had, at the Intereſt deſired.

ESTATES *which ſome Perſons want to* BUY.

A large Farm not far from Kingſton upon Thames. —Some Houſes in Southwark. —— A Ground Rent between 20 and 30 l. a Year.——And ſeveral Perſons want to Buy and ſome to Hire other Eſtates.

ESTATES *which ſome Perſons want to* SELL.

A handſome Houſe, new built, of 4 Rooms on a Floor, and about 80 Acres of Land, 20 Miles from London. A good Houſe, Gardens, &c. at Barterſea. ——A Farm of about 200 l. Value. — And ſeveral Perſons want to Sell and ſome to Lett other Eſtates.

THE *Particulars will be given by Mr. Thomas Rogers,* Agent *for Perſons who want any ſuch Buſineſs to be done. He Anſwers Letters* Poſt Paid, *and Advertiſes if deſired, not otherwiſe*; all at his own Charges *if not Succeſsful*

He gives Attendance *as undermentioned,*

Daily (*except Saturdays*) *about One and Six o' Clock at the Rainbow Coffee-Houſe near the Gates of the* TEMPLE

at 12 } *Tueſdays, Tom's Coffee-houſe by the* EXCHANGE
o'Clock } *Thurſdays, Will's Coffee-houſe near* WHITEHALL

And on ſending for he will go to Perſons near

To be SOLD *together or in Parcels,*

A Farm at Radmarſham, two Miles off Sittingborn in Kent, being an Houſe, Barn and Stable, and about 70 Acres of Land and Wood, now in the Occupation of Abraham Fearnes and Bartholomew Mory.

Alſo 14 Acres of Land in Sittingborn aforeſaid, at the South Side of the Town, now in the Occupation of Thomas Barniſter.

Alſo another Parcel of Land in Sittingborn aforeſaid, planted with Cherries, in the Occupation of Thomas Stoneſtreet.

Alſo a Barn and 6 Acres of Land in Sittingborn aforeſaid, planted with Cherries, in the Occupation of John Reaſon.

Alſo a Meſſuage Malt-houſe and Out-houſes in Sittingborn aforeſaid, in the Occupation of Joſeph Leeds.

N. B. The Malthouſe and all the Land in Sittingborn lie contiguous and adjoin together.

To be ſold alſo ten Acres of Land in Bredgare, about four Miles from Sittingborn aforeſaid, now in the Occupation of James Terrey.

Alſo a Farm and Land called Southerden Farm, containing about 40 Acres, in Hedcom in Kent, in the Occupation of Joſeph Rugsby.

Inquire of Mr. James Chapman at his Houſe at Milton near Sittingborn aforeſaid, or at his Chambers, Numb. 8. in Clifford's Inn, for further Particulars.

On Thurſday *laſt was publiſhed, On a large Sheet of Paper,*

(*By the Author of the* Remarks on the CRAFTSMAN's Vindication of his two Honourable Patrons, *in his Paper of* May 22)

The FREE BRITON, Numb. 85.

Containing,

A REPLY to the late Lord B——ke's Final Anſwer to the Remarks abovementioned.

Printed for J. Peele at Lock's Head in Amen Corner, Paternoſter-Row. Price Four-Pence.

Where may be had,

The Eighth Edition of the Remarks. As alſo the two laſt FREE BRITONS: Containing the Detection of the infamous Anſwer publiſhed on the Part of Mr. P. againſt theſe Remarks.

Thurſday South Sea Stock was 102 7 8ths for the Opening. South Sea Ann. 107 3 4ths. Bank 145 3 4ths. Bank Circulation 8 l. 10 s. India 197 for the Opening. Royal Exchange Aſſurance 98 1 4th. London Aſſurance 12 5 8ths. African 50. York Buildings 2 3 5 8ths. Three per Cent. Ann. 94 5 8ths, without the Dividend. Engliſh Copper 2 l. 18 s. Welch Copper 2 l. 2 s. South Sea Bonds 5 l. 18 s. India Bonds 6 l. 1 s. Lottery Tickets 8 s.

OF the 40 Plates of the Right Honourable the Earl of PEMBROKE's Antique Marble Statues there are but a few of them left; which may be had of me CARY CREED at the Jar between Cecil and Saliſbury Street in the Strand; and Mr. PREVOST the Bookſeller near it has had ſome of me, and ſo may any other Bookſeller. price 20 s. Thoſe who have already had the firſt 16, when they return them they may have the Whole, and an Abatement of 8 s. for what they have had.

N° 166. A certain Countryman having been for a long Time afflicted with a ſort of *Griping near the Pylorus and Belly, and Teneſmus; alſo a Propenſity to Vomit, Cold Sweats, Faintings, Loathings, and but very little Appetite to Victuals* applyd himſelf to ſeveral Phyſicians; ſome of which could not aſſign any Name to his Diſtemper; others judging his Caſe to be a Cholick with a bad Digeſtion, gave him Medicines accoreingly; but all proving of little or no Effect, he was at laſt recommended to

Mr. JOHN MOORE, *Apothecary,*

At the Peſtle and Mortar in Lawrence Pountney's-Lane, the firſt Great Gates on the Left hand from Cannon ſtreet,

who deeming his Caſe to be the Worms, accordingly gave him his Worm Medicines, which cauſed him to void *Two Worms*; the one 15 Foot long, and the other 25; which *Worms* the *Patient* has left with the ſaid *J. MOORE*; ſaying *he was glad to be rid of ſuch unwelcome Gueſts*; and the *Worms* are at his Houſe to be ſeen by any Perſon who ſhall deſire it.

N. B. The ſaid JOHN MOORE's Worm-Medicines and Green Sickneſs Powder, are ſold at the following Places, viz. at Mr. Leader's at the Three Tobacco-Pipes a Chandler's Shop in Hangerford-Market; Mr. James Abree's and Mr. William Aylett's at the Printing Office in Canterbury; Mr. Benjamin Smithurſt's, Bookſeller in Plimmouth; and at M. Peter Brown's at the Plough in St. Thomas-ſtreet, Briſtol; with plain Direction, by his Order ſealed with his Coat of Arms, being a Croſs, with the Words John Moore's Worm Powders, &c. inſcribed round it. And if any are ſold at any Place, except at his own Houſe, without that Seal and Inſcription, they are Counterfeits.

Note, His WORM POWDER is ſold in moſt Market Towns in England.

N. B. He ſells Byfield's Sal Volatile Oleoſum at 6 d. per Ounce.

N° 170. A certain Tradeſman, near 60 Years of Age, applying to

JOHN MOORE, *Apothecary,*

At the Peſtle and Mortar in Lawrence Pountney's-Lane, the firſt Great Gates on the Left-hand from Cannon-ſtreet,

for a violent Pain in his Legs, to that degree that he could not walk above a Bow ſhot without feeling ſuch intolerable *Pains* in the Calves of his Legs, that he was obliged to reſt; by his taking one Box of his Antiſcorbutick *Pills* and a Bottle of his *Spirits*, is ſo relieved of the aforeſaid *Pain*, that he can now walk a Mile without any Uneaſineſs. Any *Perſon* applying to the ſaid *JOHN MOORE*, will be directed to the *Patient* himſelf who will certify the Truth of the aforeſaid Caſe he has found.

N. B. The aforeſaid JOHN MOORE has lately prepared two Anti Scorbutick Medicines, being Pills and a Spirit, which excel any thing yet offered to the Publick, with a full Account given at proper Times with it: It expels the numerous Train of Scorbutick Symptoms; and as the Hypochondriac and Hyſteric Illneſſes have their Source from the Scurvy, it relieves them; it alters and changes all the Juices in the human Body, thins the Lentor, viz. that ſizy, viſcid coagulated Part of the Blood, which obſtructs the Capillary Veſſels, and is the Cauſe of Chilneſs in the extream Parts, as well as Heat in Hypochondriac and Hyſteric Paroxyſms, renovates the Blood, reſtores decay'd Nature, chears the Heart, revives the Spirits, and opens Obſtructions of the Viſcera, gives Reſt to weary, tired and worn out Bodies, it inviſcates and inkindles again the almoſt extinguiſhed natural innate Heat, making the Vital Flame to burn clear, removing Weakneſſes and Indiſpoſitions, and reſtoring the priſtine Health.

The Symptoms are cutaneous Eruptions, as red, yellow or black Spots upon the Arms and Legs, as ſmall as Flea-bites, ſometimes as large as a Crown Piece, and ſometimes the Limbs are beſet with rough ſcaly Swellings oftentimes there is an itching of the Skin, which is frequently taken for what is vulgarly call'd the Itch.

The Scurvy perverts the Lympha and is a mortal Enemy to the nervous Syſtem, for Scorbutick Perſons are troubled with Weakneſs, Senſe of Weight, and a dull obſcure Pain in the Limbs, the Appetite is either too ſtimulating or too languid, the Gums are liable to Excreſcence, Swellings and Ulcers, and when rubb'd void either a ſaltiſh Blood, or ſerous Humour, the Teeth are looſe and corroded, the Mouth has a Stench; the Spittle is very ſalt and ſometimes acid, they are likewiſe affected with nocturnal ſweats, difficulty of Breathing, wandering Pains, a fat Skin is found ſometimes ſwimming on the Top of the Urine; but all theſe ſymptoms are rarely found in the ſame Perſon,

This Day is publiſh'd,

A VINDICATION of the MIRACLES of our BLESSED SAVIOUR; in which Mr. Woolſton's Diſcourſes on them are particularly examined; his pretended Authorities of the Fathers againſt the Truth of their literal Senſe are ſet in a juſt Light; and his Objections in Point of Reaſon are anſwered.

The Second Volume; in which the three laſt Diſcourſes of Mr. Woolſton are conſider'd.

By the Right Reverend Father in GOD, RICHARD, Lord Biſhop of LICHFIELD and COVENTRY.

But theſe are written, that ye might believe that Jeſus is the Chriſt. John xx. 31.

As free, and not uſing your Liberty for a Cloke of Maliciouſneſs, but as the Servants of GOD. 1 Pet. ii. 16

Printed for James and John Knapton at the Crown in St. Paul's Church-yard.

Where may be had,

The Firſt Volume of his Lordſhip's Vindication of MIRACLES: in which the three Firſt Diſcourſes of Mr. Woolſton are conſider'd. Alſo,

A Charge concerning the Evidence of the Chriſtian Religion, delivered to the Clergy of the Diocese of St. David's.

WHereas on Thurſday the firſt Day of this Inſtant July, about Twelve o' Clock in the Night-time, ſeveral Perſons unknown went on board a Hoy in Pegham Harbour, and from thence ſtole nine Pieces of Gold and Silver Brocade that belonged to Mr. David Chauvel as Agent to the Ship TRIUMPHANT wreck'd near the Bognors, by breaking the Locks that were to the Hatches of the ſaid Hoy.

This is to give Notice,

That if either of the Perſons concern'd, or any other, will inform the ſaid Mr. Chauvel who the Offenders are, ſhall receive one Third Part of the Value of the Silk ſtolen, and have a very good and handſome Reward beſide, by applying to Mr. Chauvel at Arundel or at Chicheſter.

Juſt publiſhed,

A New Treatiſe of the ART of THINKING; or a compleat Syſtem of Reflections concerning the Conduct and Improvement of the Mind. Illuſtrated with Variety of Characters and Examples drawn from the ordinary Occurrences of Life, written in French by Mr. CROUSAZ, Profeſſor of Philoſophy and Mathematicks in the Academy of Lauſanne, and tranſlated into Engliſh.

Printed for Tho. Woodward at the Half-moon over-againſt St. Dunſtan's Church in Fleet-ſtreet.

Of whom may be had the following Books.

The Fourth Edition of

1. A Diſcourſe of the viſible and inviſible Church of Chriſt, in which it is ſhewn that the Powers claimed by the Officers of the Church are not inconſiſtent with the Supremacy of Chriſt as Head; or with the Right and Liberties of Chriſtians as Members of the inviſible Church: To which is ſubjoined, a Review of the Diſcourſe of the viſible and inviſible Church of Chriſt, being a Reply to Mr. Sykes's Anſwer to that Diſcourſe. Both written by John Rogers, D. D. late Vicar of St. Giles's, Cripplegate, Canon of Wells, and Chaplain in Ordinary to his Majeſty.

2. The 3d Edition of Mr. Eaton's Liber Valorum & Decimarum, being an Account of all ſuch Eccleſiaſtical Benefices in England and Wales, as now ſtand charged with, or were diſcharged from, the Payment of Firſt Fruits and Tenths.

3. The 2d Edition of Mr. Eaton's State of the Proceedings of the Cororation of the Governors of the Bounty of Queen Anne, for the Augmentation of the Maintenance of the Poor Clergy.

Lately publiſhed

The Law of Securities: Being a Methodical Treatiſe of the Laws and Statutes relating to Bills Obligatory, Bonds and Conditions, Judgments, Recognizances, Statutes, Mortgages, Securities Real and Perſonal, Collateral Securities, and all manner of Engagements for Money; ſhewing how far Perſons and Eſtates are bound, and the Court of Chancery will give Relief. And alſo the Laws and Statutes concerning Pawns, Pledges, and Uſury, with the Methods of Proſecution, Pleadings, &c. and proper Precedents in all Caſes throughout. Printed for T. Woodward at the Half-moon overagainſt St. Dunſtan's Church in Fleet ſtreet, and J. Peele at Locke's Head in Amen-Corner, Pater-noſter-Row.

Where may be had,

A Treatiſe of Laws: Or, a general Introduction to the Common, Civil, and Canon Law, in Three Parts. By *Giles Jacob*, Gent. Author of the New Law Dictionary.

II. The Caſe of Ireland's being bound by Acts of Parliament in England, Ruled. By *William Molyneux*, Eſq; To which is added, The Caſe of Tenures upon the Commiſſion of Defective Tithes, argued by all the Judges of Ireland: With their Reſolutions, and the Reaſons of their Reſolutions.

Lately publiſhed

A General Treatiſe of Husbandry and Gardening; Containing a new Syſtem of Vegetation illuſtrated with many Obſervations and Experiments, formerly publiſhed Monthly; and now Methodized, and digeſted under proper Heads, with Additions, and great Alterations in Four Parts.

Part I. Concerning the Improvement of Land, by fertilizing bad Soils; of Stocking Farms with Cattle, Poultry, Fiſh, Bees, Graſſes, Grain, Cyder, &c.

Part II. Inſtructions to a Gardener; wherein is demonſtrated the Circulation of Sap, the Generation of Plants, the Nature of Soil, Air, and Situation. Of the Profits ariſing from planting and raiſing Timber.

Part III. Of the Management of Fruit-Trees, with particular Obſervations relating to Grafting, Inarching, and and Inoculating.

Part IV. Remarks on the Diſpoſition of Gardens in General, of the Method of managing exotick Plants and Flowers, and Naturalizing them to our Climate; with an Account of Stoves and Artificial Heats. In Two Vols, adorned with Cuts, by *R. Bradley*, Profeſſor of Botany in the Univerſity of Cambridge, and F. R. S. Printed for T. Woodward at the Half-moon over-againſt St. Dunſtan's Church in Fleet-ſtreet, and J. Peele at Locke's Head in Amen-Corner, Pater-noſter-Row; where may be had.

I. *Dictionarium Botanicum*: Or, a Botanical Dictionary for the Uſe of the Curious in Husbandry and Gardening, in Two Volumes. By the ſame Author.

II. The City Gardener. By Mr. Fairchild.

III. A Collection of Tracts concerning the Preſent State of Ireland, with reſpect to its Rights, Revenue, Trade and Manufactures

VI. The Works of the Honourable Sir *Charles Sedley*, Conſiſting of his Speeches in Parliament, Poems, Plays, &c. viz. The Mulberry-Garden: Bellamira, or the Miſtreſs: The Grumbler: Anthony and Cleopatra; and the Tyrant King of Crete. With Memoirs of the Author's Life. In Two Volumes 12mo.

Juſt publiſhed,

A Collection of ſeveral Tracts of the Right Honourable *EDWARD* Earl of *Clarendon*, Author of the *Hiſtory of the Rebellion and Civil Wars in* England, begun in the Year 1641, viz. I. A Diſcourſe by Way of Vindication of himſelf from the Charge of High-Treaſon, brought againſt him by the Houſe of Commons. II. Reflections upon ſeveral Chriſtian Duties, Divine and Moral, by Way of Eſſay. 1. Of human Nature. 2. Of Life. 3. Reflections upon the Happineſs which we may enjoy in and from ourſelves. 4 Of impudent Delight in Wickedneſs. 5. Of Drunkenneſs. 6. Of Envy. 7. Of Pride. 8 Of Anger. 9. Of Patience in Adverſity. 10. Of Contempt of Death, and the beſt providing for it. 11. Of Friendſhip. 12. Of Counſel and Converſation. 13 Of Promiſes. 14 Of Liberty. 15. Of Induſtry. 16. Of Sickneſs. 17. Of Repentance. 18. Of Conſcience. 19 Of an Active and on a Contemplative Life, and when and why the one ought to be prefer'd to the other. 20. Of War. 21. Of Peace. 22. Of Sacrilege. III. A Diſcourſe of the Reverence due to Antiquity. IV. A Diſcourſe againſt the Multiplying Controverſies, by inſiſting upon Particulars that are not neceſſary to the Point in Debate. V. A Dialogue concerning the Want of Reſpect due to Age. VI. A Dialogue concerning Education, &c. VII. Contemplations and Reflections upon the Pſalms of *David*, with Devotions applicable to the Troubles of the Times.

Printed for T. Woodward at the Half-Moon over-againſt St. Dunſtan's Church in Fleetſtreet, and J. Peele at Lock's Head in Amen-Corner, Paternoſter-Row.

N. B. None of theſe Pieces were ever printed before, and the Original Manuſcripts in his Lordſhip's Hand-Writing may be ſeen at T. WOODWARD's.

Books printed for J. PEELE *at* Locke's Head *in* Amen-Corner, Pater-noſter-Row.

I. The Hiſtory of JOHN of BOURBON, Prince of *CARENCY*; Containing a Variety of entertaining Novels, viz. 1. The Surprize; or the Generous Unknown. 2. The mutual Miſtake; or the Unhappy Diſcovery. 3. The Secret Rival; or the Deceitful Friend. 4. The Perfidious Lady diſappointed; or the Happy Reconciliation. 5. The Slighted Paſſions or the Fatal Reſentment. 6. The Unfortunate Lover. 7. The Female Captives. 8. The Diſtreſſed Lovers. 9. The Revengeful Rival. 10. The Happy Meeting; or Conſtant Love rewarded. Done into Engliſh from the original French of the *Counteſs D'Aunois*.

II. The *Dublin Miſcellany*: Being a Collection of Poems Original and Tranſlated. By Dr. *Swift*, Mr. *Parnell*, Dr. *Delaney*, Mr. *Brown*, Mr. *Ward*, Mr. *Sterling*, Mr. *Concanen*, and Others.

III. The Poſthumous Works of *William Wycherley*, Eſq; in Proſe and Verſe. Publiſhed from his Original Manuſcripts, by Mr. *Theobald*. To which are prefixed, ſome Memoirs of Mr. Wycherley's Life. By *Major Pack*.

IV. Three Tragedies viz. The Diſtreſs'd Mother, the Briton, and Humfrey Duke of Glouceſter. By *Ambroſe Philips*, Eſq; in a Pocket Volume.

*** JOHN POTTER, CHYMIST, at *Hippocrates's* Head in Bartholomew-Cloſe, near Weſt-Smithfield, prepares and ſells the following Select and Specifick Medicines.

1. His Rheumatick Black Drops which gives Eaſe in all Pains of the Limbs, from Colds, Strains, or Bruiſes and alſo in Fits of the Gout, Stone, and Gravel.

2. His Fever Drops, for all Fevers, Malignant and Putid.

3. His Reſtorative Yellow Drops, excellent in all Hyſterical and Hypochondriacal Diſorders.

4. His Cholick Eſſence which gives Eaſe in all ſudden Fits of the Cholick ariſing from cold Cauſes.

5. His Stomach Eſſence: No Bitter, but doth excel in wheting the Appetite, cauſing Digeſtion, and altering the feverish Ferments in thoſe Parts.

6. His Nervous Eſſence, moſt ſerviceable in chronical and habitual Diſtempers, cauſed thro' habitual Exceſſes.

7. His Gold Drops, a moſt efficacious alterative in the general Diſorders of Nature; alſo in Tea a Corrector of the pernicious Conſequences of both Green and Bohea.

8. His Lineament for the Piles, which never fails.

9. His Powder for Cure of Pleuriſies, without Bloodletting.

10. His Balſam for Scalds and Burns.

11. Dr. Byfield's Sal Oleoſum Volatil, with proper Directions.

12. A Chymical Tincture for all Sorts of Convulſions; eſpecially for Convulſive Fits in Children and Infants.

A particular Account of the Uſes and Virtues of all which, and ſome few others, not here mention'd, with Directions for each, are to be had at his Dwelling-Houſe above written, at moderate Rates.

Alſo to be Sold Dr. *Robert Eaton's* Balſamick Styptick

This Day is publiſhed

An Appendix to the Engliſh Tranſlation of Commandine's Euclid, wherein the 11th and 12th Books of the Elements are made eaſy to the meaneſt Capacity, by exhibiting the Solids themſelves to the Eye, inſtead of their ſeveral Pictures or Projections laid down by the ſeveral Writers of Elements of Geometry. A Treat uſeful and neceſſary for Painters, Builders, Gardeners, and all Perſons who would inform themſelves demonſtratively in Perſpective, Menſuration, Sphericks, &c. or qualify themſelves to read the Works of thoſe who have written further on ſolid Geometry, with an Introduction explaining the Projection uſed by the Antients, and ſhewing its Excellency to any other for this Purpoſe. By SAMUEL CUNN. Printed for *Tho. Woodward* at the Half Moon overagainſt St. Dunſtan's Church in Fleet-ſtreet. Pr. 5 s.

Of whom may be had, the ſecond Edition corrected of,

Euclid's Elements of Geometry from the Latin Tranſlation of COMMANDINE. To which is added, a Treatiſe of the Nature of Arithmetick of Logarithms; likewiſe another of the Elements of plain and ſpherical Trigonometry; with a Preface, ſhewing the Uſefulneſs and Excellency of this Work. By Dr. JOHN KEILL, F. R. S. and late Profeſſor of Aſtronomy in Oxford. Done into Engliſh. The whole reviſed; where deficient ſupply'd; where loſt or corrupted, reſtored; alſo many Faults committed by Dr. *Harris*, Mr. *Caſwell*, Mr. *Hawes*, and other Trigonometrical Writers are ſhewn; and in thoſe Cases where they are miſtaken, here are given Solutions Geometrically true; a more ample Account of which may be ſeen in Mr. *Cunn's* Preface. By SAMUEL CUNN.

2. Mr. Graveſande's Mathematical Elements of Phyſicks, proved by Experiments, being an Introduction to Sir Iſaac Newton's Philoſophy.

3. A Phyſical Diſſertation, concerning the Cauſe of the Variation of the Barometer. Price 1 s.

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